FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 284

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Commerce, Energy and the Environment, February 1, 2007, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

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TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To amend chapters 67 and 386, RSMo, by adding thereto twenty-one new sections relating to the provision of video services, with an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapters 67 and 386, RSMo, are amended by adding thereto

- 2 twenty-one new sections, to be known as sections 67.2675, 67.2677, 67.2679,
- 3 67.2681, 67.2683, 67.2685, 67.2687, 67.2689, 67.2691, 67.2692, 67.2693, 67.2695,
- 4 67.2701, 67.2703, 67.2705, 67.2707, 67.2709, 67.2711, 67.2714, 67.2715, and
- 5 386.305, to read as follows:

67.2675. Sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 shall be known and may be cited as the "2007 Video Services Providers Act".

67.2677. For purposes of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, the following terms mean:

- 3 (1) "Cable operator", as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(5);
- 4 (2) "Cable system", as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(7);
- 5 (3) "Franchise", an initial authorization, or renewal of an
- 6 authorization, issued by a franchising entity, regardless of whether the
- 7 authorization is designated as a franchise, permit, license, resolution,
- 8 contract, certificate, agreement, or otherwise, that authorizes the
- 9 provision of video service and any affiliated or subsidiary agreements
- 10 related to such authorization;
- 11 (4) "Franchise area", the total geographic area authorized to be
- 12 served by an incumbent cable operator in a political subdivision as of
- 13 the effective date of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 or, in the case of an
- 14 incumbent local exchange carrier, as such term is defined in 47 U.S.C.
- 15 Section 251(h), or affiliate thereof, the area within such political

16 subdivision in which such carrier provides telephone exchange service;

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- 17 (5) "Franchise entity", a political subdivision that was entitled to 18 require franchises and impose fees on cable operators on the day before 19 the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, provided that only 20 one political subdivision may be a franchise entity with regard to a 21 geographic area;
- 22 (6) (a) "Gross revenues", limited to amounts billed to video 23 service subscribers or received from advertisers for the following:
- a. Recurring charges for video service;
- b. Event-based charges for video service, including but not limited to pay-per-view and video-on-demand charges;
- c. Rental of set top boxes and other video service equipment;
- d. Service charges related to the provision of video service, including but not limited to activation, installation, repair, and maintenance charges;
- e. Administrative charges related to the provision of video service, including but not limited to service order and service termination charges; and
- f. A pro rata portion of all revenue derived, less refunds, rebates, or discounts, by a video service provider for advertising over the video service network to subscribers within the franchise area where the numerator is the number of subscribers within the franchise area, and the denominator is the total number of subscribers reached by such advertising;
 - (b) Gross revenues do not include:
- a. Discounts, refunds, and other price adjustments that reduce the amount of compensation received by an entity holding a video service authorization;
 - b. Uncollectibles;

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- c. Late payment fees;
- d. Amounts billed to video service subscribers to recover taxes, fees, or surcharges imposed on video service subscribers or video service providers in connection with the provision of video services, including the video service provider fee authorized by this section;
- e. Fees or other contributions for PEG or I-Net support; or
- 51 f. Charges for services other than video service that are 52 aggregated or bundled with amounts billed to video service

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subscribers, if the entity holding a video service authorization reasonably can identify such charges on books and records kept in the regular course of business or by other reasonable means;

- 56 (c) Except with respect to the exclusion of the video service 57 provider fee, gross revenues shall be computed in accordance with 58 generally accepted accounting principles;
- (7) "Household", an apartment, a house, a mobile home, or any other structure or part of a structure intended for residential occupancy as separate living quarters;
- 62 (8) "Incumbent cable operator", the cable service provider 63 serving cable subscribers in a particular franchise area on September 64 1, 2007;
- 65 (9) "Low income household", a household with an average annual 66 household income of less than thirty-five thousand dollars as 67 determined by the most recent decennial census;
- 68 (10) "Person", an individual, partnership, association, 69 organization, corporation, trust, or government entity;
 - (11) "Political subdivision", a city, town, village, county;
- 71 (12) "Public right-of-way", the area of real property in which a 72political subdivision has a dedicated or acquired right-of-way interest 73 in the real property, including the area on, below, or above the present and future streets, alleys, avenues, roads, highways, parkways, or 7475boulevards dedicated or acquired as right-of-way and utility easements 76 dedicated for compatible uses. The term does not include the airwaves above a right-of-way with regard to wireless telecommunications or 77 other non-wire telecommunications or broadcast service; 78
- 79 (13) "Video programming", programming provided by, or 80 generally considered comparable to programming provided by, a 81 television broadcast station, as set forth in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(20);
- 82 (14) "Video service", the provision of video programming provided through wireline facilities located at least in part in the 83 public right-of-way without regard to delivery technology, including 84 Internet protocol technology whether provided as part of a tier, on 85 86 demand, or a per channel basis. This definition includes cable service as defined by 47 U.S.C. Section 522(6), but does not include any video 87 programming provided by a commercial mobile service provider 88 defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 332(d), or any video programming provided 89

90 solely as part of and via a service that enables users to access content,

- 91 information, electronic mail, or other services offered over the public
- 92 Internet;
- 93 (15) "Video service authorization", the right of a video service
- 94 provider or an incumbent cable operator, that secures permission from
- 95 the public service commission pursuant to sections 67.2675 to 67.2715,
- 96 to offer video service to subscribers in a political subdivision;
- 97 (16) "Video service network", wireline facilities, or any
- 98 component thereof, located at least in part in the public right-of-way
- 99 that deliver video service, without regard to delivery technology,
- 100 including Internet protocol technology or any successor
- 101 technology. The term "video service network" shall include cable
- 102 systems;
- 103 (17) "Video service provider", any person that distributes video
- 104 service through a video service network pursuant to a video service
- 105 authorization;
- 106 (18) "Video service provider fee", the fee imposed under section
- 107 **67.2689** or section **67.2703**.
 - 67.2679. 1. The general assembly finds and declares it to be the
 - 2 policy of the state of Missouri that there be competition on a fair and
 - 3 equal basis among all providers of video programming. Therefore,
 - 4 allowing incumbent cable operators the option to secure a video service
 - 5 authorization as provided under sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 is an
 - 6 essential element of this chapter. Such a process for securing a video
 - 7 service authorization best promotes the substantial interest of the state
 - 8 of Missouri in facilitating a competitive marketplace that will, in turn,
 - 9 encourage investment and the deployment of new and innovative
 - services in political subdivisions and provide benefits to the citizens of
- 11 this state. The general assembly further finds and declares that
- 12 franchise entities will benefit from immediate availability of the state-
- 13 issued video service authorization to all video service providers,
- 14 including new entrants and incumbent cable operators. In addition to
- 15 the benefits to franchise entities found in sections 67.2677 to 67.2715,
- 16 this immediate availability of state-issued video service authorizations
- 17 will promote fair competition among all video service providers in a
- 18 local market and thereby provide new revenues to political
- 19 subdivisions derived from additional video service customers and the

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20 purchase of additional video services by such customers. This policy 21 will provide a more predictable source of funding for franchise entities which will continue beyond the natural terms of all existing franchise agreements. The franchise entities will also experience cost savings 23associated with the administrative convenience of the enactment of the 24state-issued video service authorization. These benefits are full and 25 adequate consideration to franchise entities, as the term 26"consideration" is used in article III, section 39(5) of the Missouri 27 28 Constitution.

- 2. Except to the extent expressly set forth herein, upon issuance of a video service authorization, any existing or future franchise or ordinance adopted by a franchise entity that purports to regulate video service or video service networks or the franchising of video service providers shall be preempted as applied to such video service provider.
- 3. No person shall commence providing video service or commence construction of a video service network in any area until such person has obtained a state-issued video service authorization, under the provisions of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715.
- 4. The public service commission shall have the exclusive 38 39 authority to authorize any person to construct or operate a video 40 service network or offer video service in any area of this state. Notwithstanding provisions of this section to the contrary, a 41 42person with an existing and valid authorization to occupy the public rights-of-way may construct a video service network without first 43 obtaining a video service authorization, but such person must obtain 44 a video service authorization prior to commencing the provision of 45video service and otherwise comply with the provisions of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715. For purposes of the federal Cable Act, 47 U.S.C. 521, 47et seq., the rules and regulations of the Federal Communications 48 Commission, and all applicable state laws and regulations, the public 49 service commission shall be considered the sole franchising authority 50 for the state, except with respect to a person that continues to provide 51video service under a franchise, franchise extension, or expired 5253 franchise or ordinance previously granted by a franchise entity. The public service commission shall have no authority to regulate the rates, 54 terms, and conditions of video service, except to the extent explicitly 55 provided under sections 67.2675 to 67.2715. 56

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- 5. Any person seeking to commence providing video service in this state shall file an application for a video service authorization covering a franchise area or franchise areas with the public service commission and provide written notice to the affected political subdivisions of its intent to provide video service. The public service commission shall make such application public by posting a copy of the application on its website within three days of filing.
 - 6. A holder of a video service authorization who seeks to include additional political subdivisions to be served must file with the public service commission a notice of change to its video service authorization that reflects the additional political subdivisions to be served.
 - 7. The public service commission shall issue a video service authorization allowing the video service provider to offer video service in the franchise area of each political subdivision set forth in the application within thirty days of receipt of an affidavit submitted by the applicant and signed by an officer or general partner of the applicant affirming the following:
 - That the video service authorization holder agrees to comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations;
 - (2) A list of political subdivisions to be served by the applicant;
- 77 (3) The location of the principal place of business and the names 78 of the principal executive officers of the applicant;
- 79 (4) That the video service provider has filed or will timely file 80 with the Federal Communications Commission all forms required by 81 that agency prior to offering video service;
- 82 (5) That the video service provider agrees to comply with all 83 applicable regulations concerning use of the public rights-of-way as 84 provided in sections 67.1830 to 67.1846; and
 - (6) That the video service provider is legally, financially, and technically qualified to provide video service.
- 8. The video service authorization issued by the public service commission shall contain the following:
 - (1) A grant of authority to provide video service in the franchise area of each political subdivision set forth in the application; and
- 91 (2) A grant of authority to construct a video service network 92 along, across or on public rights-of-way for the delivery of video service 93 to the extent the video service provider or an affiliate did not

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94 otherwise possess a valid authorization to occupy the public rights-of-95 way.

- 96 9. (1) No existing franchise or ordinance issued by a franchising entity shall be renewed or extended beyond the expiration date of such 97 franchise. Any person providing video service under a franchise, 98 franchise extension or expired franchise or ordinance previously 99 granted by a franchise entity may, at its option: 100
- 101 (a) Continue to provide service under the terms and conditions 102 of such franchise, franchise extension, or ordinance; or
 - (b) Apply for a video service authorization as provided under section 67.2679 in lieu of any or all such franchises, franchise extensions, or expired franchises; or
- (c) Automatically convert the franchise, franchise extension, or 107 expired franchise in a political subdivision into a state-issued video service authorization, any time after a video service provider other 108 than an incumbent cable operator obtains a video service authorization for such political subdivision, provided that notice of the automatic 110 conversion to the public service commission and the affected political subdivision is made and upon compliance with the provisions of 113 sections 67.2675 to 67.2715;
 - (2) The franchise, franchise extension, or expired franchise previously granted by the franchise entity will terminate upon issuance of a video service authorization to the video service provider. The terms of such video service authorization shall be as provided under the provisions of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 and shall supersede the terms and conditions of the franchise, franchise extension, or expired franchise previously granted by the franchise entity.
- 121 10. At the time that any video service authorization is issued by the public service commission, the public service commission shall 122123 immediately make such issuance public by posting information on its website relating to the video service authorization, including 124specifically all political subdivisions covered by that authorization and 125 the video service provider fee imposed. 126
 - 67.2681. No franchise entity or other political subdivision of the 2 state of Missouri except the public service commission shall either 3 require a person holding a video service authorization to obtain a 4 separate franchise to provide video service or otherwise impose any

fee, license, gross receipt tax, or franchise requirement on the provision of any video service, or request anything of value in exchange for providing video services except as provided in sections 67.1830 to 67.1846 or in sections 67.2689 and 67.2703. For purposes of this section, a franchise requirement includes, without limitation, any provision regulating rates charged by an entity holding a video service authorization or requiring such entity to satisfy any build-out requirements or deploy any facilities or equipment. Except with respect to the construction of a video service network, a certificate or franchise issued to a telecommunications company to construct and operate telecommunications facilities to provide telecommunications service in the public rights-of-way shall not constitute a video service authorization for purposes of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715.

67.2683. A video service provider shall comply with all Federal Communications Commission requirements involving the distribution and notification of emergency messages over the emergency alert system applicable to cable operators. A video service provider other than an incumbent cable operator serving a majority of the residents within a political subdivision shall comply with this section by December 31, 2007.

67.2685. A video service authorization shall expire upon notice 2 to the public service commission by the holder of a video service 3 authorization that it will cease to provide video service under such 4 authorization.

67.2687. An entity holding a video service authorization shall provide notice to each political subdivision with jurisdiction in any locality at least ten days before commencing video service in the political subdivision's jurisdiction.

67.2689. 1. A franchise entity may collect a video service provider fee equal to not more than five percent of the gross revenues from each video service provider providing video service in the geographic area of such franchise entity. The video service provider fee shall apply equally to all video service providers within the geographic area of a franchise entity.

2. Except as otherwise expressly provided in sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, neither a franchise entity nor any other political subdivision shall demand any additional fees, licenses, gross receipt taxes, or

charges on the provision of video services by a video service provider 10

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11 and shall not demand the use of any other calculation method.

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- 3. All video service providers providing service in the geographic area of a franchise entity shall pay the video service provider fee at the same percent of gross revenues as had been assessed on the incumbent cable operator by the franchise entity immediately prior to the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, and such percentage shall continue to apply until the date that the incumbent cable operator's franchise existing at that time expires or would have expired if it had not been terminated pursuant to sections 67.2675 to 67.2715. The franchise entity shall notify the applicant for a video service authorization of the applicable gross revenue fee percentage within thirty days of the date notice of the applicant is provided.
- 4. Not more than once per calendar year after the date that the incumbent cable operator's franchise existing on the effective date of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 expires or would have expired if it had not been terminated pursuant to sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, or in any political subdivision where no franchise applied on the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, no more than once per calendar year after the video service provider fee was initially imposed, a franchise entity, may, upon ninety days notice to all video service providers, elect to adjust the amount of the video service provider fee subject to state and federal law, but in no event shall such fee exceed five percent of a video service provider's gross revenue.
- 5. The video service provider fee shall be paid to each franchise entity requiring such fee on or before the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter and shall be calculated as a percentage of gross revenues, as defined under section 67.2677. Any payment made pursuant to subsection 8 of section 67.2703 shall be made at the same time as the payment of the video service provider fee.
- 6. Any video service provider may identify and collect the 40 amount of the video service provider fee and collect any support under 41 subsection 8 of section 67.2703 as separate line items on subscriber 4243 bills.

67.2691. 1. A franchise entity shall have the authority to audit any video service provider, which provides video service to subscribers 3 within the geographic area of the franchise entity, not more than once

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- 2. A video service provider shall, upon request of the franchise entity conducting an audit, make available at the location where such records are kept in the normal course of business for inspection by the franchise entity all records pertaining to gross revenues received from the provision of video services provided to consumers located within the geographic area of the franchise entity.
- 3. Any expenses incurred by a franchise entity in conducting an audit of an entity holding a video service authorization shall be paid by the franchise entity.
- 4. Any suit with respect to a dispute arising out of or relating to 14 the amount of the video service provider fee allegedly due to a 15franchise entity under section 67.2689 shall be filed by the franchise 16 entity seeking to recover an additional amount alleged to be due, or by 17a video service provider seeking a refund of an alleged overpayment, in a court of competent jurisdiction within two years following the end 19 of the quarter to which the disputed amount relates. Any payment that 2021is not challenged by a franchise entity within two years after it is paid 22or remitted shall be deemed accepted in full payment by the franchise 23entity.
 - 5. A franchise entity shall not employ, appoint, or retain any person or entity for compensation that is dependent in any manner upon the outcome of an audit of a holder of video service authorization, including, without limitation, the audit findings or the recovery of fees or other payment by the municipality or county. A person may not solicit or accept compensation dependent in any manner upon the outcome of any such audit, including, without limitation, the audit findings or the recovery of fees or other payment by the political subdivision or video service provider.
- 6. A video service provider shall not be required to retain financial records associated with the payment of the video service provider fee for longer than three years following the end of the quarter to which such payment relates, unless a franchise entity has commenced a dispute regarding such payment in accordance with this section.

67.2692. 1. Upon ninety days notice, a franchise entity may 2 require a video service provider to adopt the customer service

requirements provided in 47 C.F.R. Section 76.309(c) in its provision of video service. The state of Missouri and the public service commission shall not have the power to enact or adopt customer service requirements specifically applicable to the provision of video service.

- 2. No video service provider shall be subject to customer service 8 requirements if it is subject to effective competition, as the term 9 "effective competition" is defined in 47 C.F.R. Section 76.905, in such 10 franchise area. Following mediation, any party may file suit in an 11 appropriate court based on the protections set forth in this section.
- 123. A video service provider shall implement an informal process for handling inquiries from franchise entities and customers 13 concerning billing issues, service issues, and other complaints. In the 14 event an issue is not resolved through this informal process, a 15 franchising entity may request a confidential non-binding mediation 16 with the video service provider, with the costs of such mediation to be 17 shared equally between the franchising entity and the video service 18 provider. 19
- 4. Each video service provider shall maintain a local or toll free telephone number for customer service contact.

67.2693. The public service commission shall, no later than
August 28, 2008, and annually thereafter for the next three years, issue
a report regarding developments resulting from the implementation of
sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 and shall make such recommendations to the
general assembly as it deems appropriate to benefit consumers. The
commission shall conduct proceedings as it deems appropriate to
prepare its report, including receiving comments from members of the
public.

67.2695. 1. An entity holding a video service authorization shall, at its sole cost and expense, indemnify, hold harmless, and defend a political subdivision, its officials, boards, board members, commissions, commissioners, agents, and employees, against any and all claims, suits, causes of action, proceedings, and judgments for damages or equitable relief arising out of:

(1) The construction, maintenance, or operation of its video service network;

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9 (2) Copyright infringements or a failure by an entity holding a 0 video service authorization to secure consents from the owners,

authorized distributors, or licensees of programs to be delivered by the
 video service network.

- 13 2. Any indemnification provided in subsection 1 of this section shall include, but not be limited to, the political subdivision's 14 reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in defending against any such 15claim, suit, or proceeding prior to the entity holding the video service 16 authorization assuming such defense. The political subdivision shall 17notify the entity holding the video service authorization of claims and suits within seven business days of its actual knowledge of the 19 existence of such claim, suit, or proceeding. Failure to provide such 20notice shall relieve the entity holding the video service authorization 21of its obligations under this section. Once the entity holding the video 22service authorization assumes the defense of any such action, the 2324political subdivision may, at its option, continue to participate in the 25 defense at its own expense.
- 3. The obligation to indemnify, hold harmless, and defend contained in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall not apply to any claim, suit, or cause of action related to the provision of public, educational, and governmental channels or programming or to emergency interrupt service announcements.
- 67.2701. A video service authorization is fully transferable, with respect to one or more political subdivisions covered by such authorization, to any successor-in-interest to the holder whether such successor-in-interest arises through merger, sale, assignment, restructuring, change of control, or any other type of transaction. A notice of transfer shall be promptly filed with the public service commission and the affected political subdivisions upon completion of such transfer, but neither the public service commission nor any political subdivision shall have any authority to review or require approval of any transfer of a video service authorization, regardless of whether the transfer arises through merger, sale, assignment, restructuring, change of control, or any other type of transaction.
- 67.2703. 1. A franchise entity may require a video service provider providing video service in such franchise entity to designate up to three channels for non-commercial public, educational, or governmental "PEG" use if such franchise entity has a population of at least fifty thousand, and up to two PEG channels if such franchise

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entity has a population of less than fifty thousand; provided, however, that such limits shall constitute the total number of PEG channels that may be designated on all video service networks that share a common headend, regardless of the number of franchise entities or other political subdivisions served by such headend, and the populations of 10 all political subdivisions served by such video service networks shall 11 be aggregated for purposes of applying these limits. The video service 12provider may provide such channels on any service tier that is 13 purchased by more than fifty percent of its customers. All video service 14 providers serving a political subdivision shall be required to provide 15 the same number of PEG access channels. 16

- 2. Notwithstanding any franchise or ordinance granted by a franchise entity prior to the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, this section, rather than the franchise or ordinance, shall apply to the designation of PEG access channels by an incumbent cable operator operating under such franchise or ordinance; provided, however, that if such franchise or ordinance requires fewer PEG access channels than the applicable limit specified in subsection 1 of this section, the requirement in the franchise or ordinance shall apply in lieu of such limit; provided further, that the incumbent cable operator may nonetheless be required to activate additional PEG channel or channels, up to such limit, to the extent the political subdivision certifies that such additional channel or channels will be substantially utilized, as defined in subsection 4 of this section.
- 30 3. Any PEG channel designated pursuant to this section that is not substantially utilized, as defined in subsection 4 of this section, by 31 the franchise entity shall no longer be made available to the franchise entity, but may be programmed at the video service provider's 33 discretion. At such time as the governing body of a franchising entity 34 makes a finding and certifies that a channel that has been reclaimed by 35 a video service provider under this subsection will be substantially 36 utilized, the video service provider shall restore the reclaimed channel 37 within one hundred and twenty days, but shall be under no obligation 38 39 to carry that channel on any specific tier.
 - 4. For purposes of this section, a PEG channel shall be considered "substantially utilized" when eight hours are locally programmed on that channel each calendar day for at least three

43 consecutive months. In determining whether a PEG channel is 44 substantially utilized, a program may be shown not more than four 45 times during a calendar week.

- 5. Except as provided in this section, a franchise entity or political subdivision may not require a video service provider to provide any funds, services, programming, facilities, or equipment related to public, educational, or governmental use of channel capacity. The operation of any PEG access channel provided pursuant to this section and the production of any programming that appears on each such channel shall be the sole responsibility of the franchise entity receiving the benefit of such channel, and the video service provider shall bear only the responsibility for the transmission of the programming on each such channel to subscribers.
- 6. The franchise entity must ensure that all transmissions of content and programming provided by or arranged by it to be transmitted over a PEG channel by a video service provider are delivered and submitted to the video service provider in a manner or form that is capable of being accepted and transmitted by such video service provider holder over its network without further alteration or change in the content or transmission signal, and which is compatible with the technology or protocol utilized by the video service provider to deliver its video services.
- 7. The franchise entity shall make the programming of any PEG access channel available to all video service providers in such franchise entity in a nondiscriminatory manner. Each video service provider shall be responsible for providing the connectivity to the franchise entity's PEG access channel distribution point. Where technically necessary and feasible, video service providers in the same franchise entity shall use reasonable efforts and shall negotiate in good faith to interconnect their video service networks on mutually acceptable rates, terms, and conditions for the purpose of transmitting PEG programming within such franchise entity. A video service provider shall have no obligation to provide such interconnection at more than one point per headend, regardless of the number of franchise entities or other political subdivisions served by such headend. The entity requesting interconnection shall be responsible for any costs associated with such interconnection, including signal transmission from the

80 origination point to the point of interconnection. Interconnection may 81 be accomplished by direct cable microwave link, satellite, or other

82 reasonable method of connection acceptable to the entity providing the

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83 interconnect.

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- 8. (1) The obligation of an incumbent cable operator to provide monetary and other support for PEG access facilities contained in a franchise existing on the effective date of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 shall continue until the term of the franchise would have expired if it had not been terminated pursuant to sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 or until January 1, 2009, whichever is earlier.
- (2) Each video service provider providing video service in a political subdivision shall have the same obligation to support PEG access facilities as the incumbent cable operator with the most subscribers in such political subdivision as of the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715. To the extent such incumbent cable operator provides such support in the form of a percentage of gross revenue or a per subscriber fee, any other video service provider shall pay the same percentage of gross revenue or per subscriber fee as the incumbent cable operator. To the extent the incumbent cable operator provides such support in the form of a lump sum payment without an offset to its gross receipts fee, any other video service provider shall be responsible for a pro rata share of such payment made by the incumbent cable operator after the date on which the other video service provider commences service in a particular political subdivision, based on its proportion of video service customers in such political subdivision. To the extent the incumbent cable operator provides such support on an in-kind basis after the date on which the other video service provider commences service in a particular political subdivision, any other video service provider shall pay the political subdivision a sum equal to the pro rata amount of the fair market value of such support based on its proportion of video service customers in such political subdivision.
- (3) For purposes of this section, the proportion of video service customers of a video service provider shall be determined based on the relative number of subscribers as of the end of the prior calendar year as reported by all incumbent cable operators and holders of video service authorizations. A franchising entity acting under this

subsection shall notify a video service provider of the amount of such fee on an annual basis, beginning one year after issuance of the video service authorization.

120 9. Neither the public service commission nor any political 121 subdivision may require a video service provider to provide any institutional network or equivalent capacity on its video service 122 network. The obligation of an incumbent cable operator to provide 123 such network or capacity contained in a franchise existing on the 124125 effective date of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 shall continue until the term of the franchise would have expired had it not been terminated 126pursuant to sections 67.2676 to 67.2714, or until January 1, 2009, 127whichever is earlier, and shall be limited to providing the network as 128is on the effective date of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715. 129

67.2705. 1. A video service provider shall not deny access to service to any group of potential residential subscribers because of the race or income of the residents in the local area in which the group resides.

- 5 2. It is a defense to an alleged violation of subsection 1 of this 6 section if the video service provider has met either of the following 7 conditions:
- 8 (1) Within three years of the date it began providing video 9 service under the provisions of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, at least 10 twenty-five percent of the households with access to the provider's 11 video service are low-income households; or
- 12 (2) Within five years of the date it began providing video service 13 under the provisions of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 at least thirty 14 percent of the households with access to the provider's video service 15 are low-income households.
- 3. If a video service provider is using telecommunication facilities to provide video service and has more than one million telecommunication access lines in this state, the provider shall provide access to its video service to a number of households equal to at least twenty-five percent of the households in the provider's telecommunications service area in the state within three years of the date it began providing video service pursuant to authorization under sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 and to not less than fifty percent of such households within six years. A video service provider is not required

to meet the fifty percent requirement provided in this subsection until two years after at least thirty percent of the households with access to the provider's video service subscribe to the service for six consecutive months.

- 4. Each provider described in subsection 3 of this section shall file an annual report with the franchising entities in which each provider provides service and the public service commission regarding the progress that has been made toward compliance with the provisions of subsection 3 of this section.
- 5. Except for satellite service, a video service provider may 34 satisfy the requirements of this section through the use of alternate 35 technology that offers service, functionality, and content which is 36 demonstrably similar to that provided through the provider's video 37 service network and may include a technology that does not require the 38 use of any public right-of-way. The technology utilized to comply with 39 the requirements of this section shall include local public, education, 40 and government channels as required under section 67.2703 and 41 42messages over the emergency alert system as required under section 67.2683. 43
 - 6. A video service provider may apply to the public service commission for a waiver of or an extension of time to meet the requirements of this section if one or more of the following apply:
- 47 (1) The inability to obtain access to public and private rights-of-48 way under reasonable terms and conditions;
- 49 (2) Developments or buildings not being subject to competition 50 because of existing exclusive service arrangements;
- 51 (3) Developments or buildings being inaccessible using 52 reasonable technical solutions under commercially reasonable terms 53 and conditions;
 - (4) Natural disasters; or

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- (5) Factors beyond the control of the video service provider.
- 7. The public service commission may grant the waiver or extension only if the provider has made substantial and continuous effort to meet the requirements of this section. If an extension is granted, the public service commission shall establish a new compliance deadline. If a waiver is granted, the public service commission shall specify the requirement or requirements waived.

required by this section.

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8. Notwithstanding any other provision of sections 67.2675 to 63 67.2715, a video service provider using telephone facilities to provide 64 video service shall not be obligated to provide such service outside the

provider's existing telephone exchange boundaries.

- 9. Except as otherwise provided in sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, a video service provider shall not be required to comply with, and a franchising entity may not impose or enforce, any mandatory build-out or deployment provisions, schedules, or requirements except as
- 10. Any franchising entity in which a video service provider operates may file a complaint in a court of competent jurisdiction alleging a violation of subsection 1 or 3 of this section. The court shall act on such complaint in accordance with section 67.2711.
 - 67.2707. 1. A video service provider shall be subject to the provisions of sections 67.1830 to 67.1846 and chapter 229, RSMo, and shall also be subject to the provisions of section 227.240, RSMo, applying to cable television companies, and to all reasonable police power-based regulations of a political subdivision regarding the placement, screening, and relocation of facilities, including, but not limited to:
- 8 (1) Requirements that the video service provider provide 9 landscaping to screen the placement of cabinets or structures from 10 public view consistent with the location chosen;
- 12 (2) Requirements that the video service provider contact the 12 nearby property owners to communicate what work will be done and 13 when;
- 14 (3) Requiring alternate placement of facilities, or prescribing the 15 time, method, and manner of such placement, when it is necessary to 16 protect the public right-of-way or the safety of the public, 17 notwithstanding the provisions of sections 67.1830 to 67.1846;
- 18 (4) Requirements that cabinets be removed or relocated at the
 19 expense of the video service provider when necessary to accommodate
 20 construction, improvement, or maintenance of streets or other public
 21 works.
- 22 2. A political subdivision may not impose the following 23 regulations on video service providers:
- 24 (1) Requirements that particular business offices or portions of

25 a video service network be located in the political subdivision;

- 26 (2) Requirements for political subdivision approval of transfers 27 of ownership or control of the business or assets of a video service 28 provider's business, except that a political subdivision may require that 29 such entity maintain current point of contact information and provide 30 notice of a transfer within a reasonable time; and
- 31 (3) Requirements concerning the provisioning of or quality of 32 customer services, facilities, equipment or goods in-kind for use by the 33 political subdivision or any other video service provider or public 34 utility.

67.2709. Every holder of a video service authorization shall, with respect to its construction practices and installation of equipment, comply with all applicable sections of the National Electric Safety Code.

67.2711. In the event a video service provider is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in noncompliance with the requirements of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, the court shall issue an order to the video service provider directing a cure for such noncompliance within a specified reasonable period of time. If the video service provider meets the requirements of the provisions of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 within the court ordered period of time, the court shall dismiss the claim of noncompliance.

67.2714. Sections 67.2675 to 67.2715 shall apply to any franchise in effect on the effective date of sections 67.2675 to 67.2715, to the extent specifically provided in sections 67.2675 to 67.2715.

67.2715. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1.140, RSMo,
to the contrary, the provisions of this act shall be nonseverable, and if
any provision is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall
invalidate all of the remaining provisions of this act.

386.305. 1. The general assembly finds that the provision of VOIP service free of regulation, regardless of the provider, is in the public interest.

2. The public service commission shall not regulate or otherwise exercise jurisdiction over VOIP service regardless of how the service is classified by the Federal Communications Commission. Any decision of the public service commission inconsistent with this section is hereby preempted and rendered invalid. Such service shall nonetheless

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be subject to the state's generally applicable business regulation and deceptive trade practices and consumer protection laws, as enforced by the appropriate state authority or through actions in the judicial system. This subsection does not limit the availability to any party of 12any remedy or defense under state or federal antitrust laws. 13

- 3. No political subdivision, as such term is defined in section 67.2677, RSMo, may directly or indirectly regulate the terms and 15conditions, including, but not limited to, the operating systems, 16 qualifications, services, service quality, service territory, and prices, applicable to or in connection with the provision of VOIP service.
 - 4. (1) A provider of VOIP service and its officers, directors, employees, vendors, and agents, shall have immunity or other protection from liability of a scope and extent that is not less than the scope and extent of immunity or other protection from liability that any telecommunications company, and its officers, directors, employees, vendors, or agents, have in this state under federal and state law whether through statute, judicial decision, tariffs filed by such local exchange company, or otherwise, including in connection with an act or omission involving the release to a public service answering point, emergency medical service provider or emergency dispatch provider, public safety, fire service or law enforcement official, or hospital emergency or trauma care facility of subscriber information related to emergency calls or emergency services.
 - (2) No political subdivision of Missouri may impose any 911related fees, taxes, or surcharges on a provider of VOIP service that are not also imposed by such political subdivision on telecommunications companies. Such provider may recover such fees from its end users and identify such fee and its amount as a separate line-item on the end user's bill.
 - (3) No 911-related fees, taxes, or surcharges may be imposed on a provider of VOIP service to the extent that such fees, taxes, or surcharges are imposed on telecommunications companies or other entity that furnishes such provider with connectivity to the public switched telephone network or a public safety answering point.
- 43 5. For purposes of this section, "VOIP service" means interconnected voice over Internet Protocol service as defined by the 44Federal Communications Commission in Section 9.3 of Title 47 of the 45

46 Code of Federal Regulations.

Section B. Because of the need for streamlined statewide video franchise agreements, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.

Unofficial

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